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                    REAPPORTIONMENT PUBLIC HEARING
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       OCTOBER 16, 2001 - 11:00 A.M.
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          FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY
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             PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA
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                 REPORTED BY:
19
               MONA L. WHIDDON
20
                COURT REPORTER
    Division of Administrative Hearings
21
22
               DeSoto Building
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            1230 Apalachee Parkway
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            Tallahassee, Florida
25
     DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675
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1	MEMBERS IN ATTENDANCE	1	constituents. We must not diminish their voice by taking
2	SENATOR CHARLIE CLARY	2	up valuable time today in debate.
3	SENATOR DARYL L. JONES	3	Following my brief remarks counsel will give a general
4	SENATOR JACK LATVALA	4	overview of legal considerations of redistricting. Staff
5	SENATOR ALFRED LAWSON, JR.	5	will then provide some specific information about census
6	SENATOR DURELL PEADEN, JR.	6	results in this region and the state. The rest is reserved
7	SENATOR DANIEL WEBSTER	7	for you, the citizens.
8	REPRESENTATIVE RANDY BALL	8	Every ten years after the completion of the national
9	REPRESENTATIVE MARIO DIAZ-BALART	9	census the Constitution requires that the Florida
10	REPRESENTATIVE DENNIS BAXLEY	10	Legislature redraw boundaries for all districts of the
11	REPRESENTATIVE ALLEN BENSE	11	Florida House, the Florida Senate, and the United States
12	REPRESENTATIVE DON BROWN	12	Congress.
13	REPRESENTATIVE EDWARD L. JENNINGS, JR.	13	The Legislature will take up this task in the
14	REPRESENTATIVE BEV KILMER	14	legislative session that begins January 22nd, 2002, and
15	REPRESENTATIVE DICK KRAVITZ	15	ends March 22nd, 2002. The districts that are drawn will
16	REPRESENTATIVE JERRY G. MELVIN	16	first be used in the elections held in November of 2002.
17	REPRESENTATIVE MITCH NEEDELMAN	17	Redistricting is a central element of our
18	REPRESENTATIVE CURTIS B. RICHARDSON	18	representative democracy and we take this on with humility
19		19	and due regard to the importance of the difficult job. We
20		20	are also committed to the process, that it will be fair and
21		21	open and inclusive. These public hearings represent the
22		22	first crucial step in this process. We appreciate that we
23		23	are doing the work of the people. We want to hear from you
24		24	and help you participate in a meaningful way.
25	DIVIDUON OF A DAMPHOTD A TIME HE A DINICO (050) 400 0775	25	To encourage public participation Senate President
	DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675		DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675
1	Page 3	1	Page 5
1	PROCEEDINGS	1	John McKay and House Speaker Tom Feeney have scheduled 24
2	CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Everyone stand for the Pledge.	2	hearings throughout the state. All members of the
3	(Pledge of Allegiance.)	3	legislative redistricting committees as well as local
4	CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Good morning, I'm Daniel Webster,	4	delegation members have been invited to participate.
5	chairman of the Senate Redistricting Committee and member	5	The House and Senate have designed web sites as a tool
6	of the Senate from District 12 in Orlando. Thank you for		
7			for public input. The web addresses for the House and for
7	coming today, it's my pleasure to welcome you to this one	7	for public input. The web addresses for the House and for the Senate are available at the information table out
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speaker's card which are available at the front table. This is the only way that we will know who wishes to speak, and after the meeting, who actually spoke. We want to hear from as many people as possible; therefore, we must limit comments to four minutes.

On behalf of Senate President John McKay, House Speaker Tom Feeney and the members of the Legislature I look forward to working with all of you on this historic and important task.

At this time I would like to recognize Senator -former Senator Jim Scott who served during the last reapportionment process and he is the Senate's lead counsel on reapportionment and redistricting. Senator Scott.

SENATOR SCOTT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and I just want to take one -- I want to welcome you to my second home, Panama City. I feel like I have spent a lot of years and have a ranch near here and I also don't want to go by the opportunity to mention former Senator Dempsey Barron and all of the work that he did in reapportionment, including the formation of single-member districts which resulted in 1982 reapportionment when we went to single member resulted in the first minority member of the Florida

My job today is to give you a brief overview of the law on redistricting, especially for members of the public. DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 goes to the Florida Supreme Court for the court to determine its validity. If they determine it's valid, then it would go into effect so far as the state is concerned. If not, then the Legislature, it would be sent back and within five days there would be another session, not to exceed 15 days for the Legislature to have a final chance to do the reapportionment. If not, at that point, then the Court would do it.

There are certain redistricting principles that the Legislature is guided by, including the principle of one person, one vote and the requirement of the Florida Constitution and the United States Constitution and Federal statutes. One person, one vote, this principle came from a series of cases from the United States Supreme Court in the 1960s. It stands generally for the proposition that each person's vote in Florida should count as much as anyone else's vote.

Prior to these cases and this determination, one example comes to mind. I believe every county in the state had one Senator even though some counties may only have had 8,000 or 10,000 people and Dade County had several hundred thousand people. And I think this illustrates the malapportionment, as is the term used by the Court. So, the Court has determined that each district should have an equal number of people. And the staff, in a moment, John DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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hasn't heard this, and might be able to recite it, raise their hand. But in any evened event, as the Chairman indicated, this duty falls on the Legislature every ten years after the census. This year, with regard to the

I don't think that there's any member -- anybody that

Congressional Redistricting, there are two new seats added to Florida, and we go from 23 to 25. And the duty there

will be to divide the state into 25 equal Congressional

9 Districts.

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With regard to the House and Senate, 40 members of the Senate and 120 members of the House, although it could be less under the Constitution. This has traditionally not happened. The territory is to be contiguous, overlapping or identical. And as the Chairman indicated, regular session will start in January and end in March, it's hoped that the Legislature will finish this job during that

If somehow you didn't, it would be called back for a 30-day session by the Governor and at that point if you still do not do it, the Florida Supreme Court would commence deliberation and within 60 days of the filing of a petition, the Florida Supreme Court would redistrict the state.

If you do pass it, a Congressional plan goes to the Governor for his approval or veto. The legislative plan DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 Guthrie, will explain what the current numbers are for this redistricting in both Congressional House and Senate.

However, neither the Florida Constitution nor the courts have required exact mathematical precision with regard to those ideal numbers. For Congressional, which is the strictest standard, the courts do not allow much deviation, perhaps as much as 1 percent in certain circumstances. So if you divide the state into 25 Congressional Districts of the ideal number, then you could deviate as much as 1 percent. However, in House and Senate Legislative Districts, the courts have permitted deviation up to 10 percent from the ideal number in certain circumstances.

The Voting Rights Act of 1964 and the Equal Protection Clause of the Federal Constitution had become over the course of the last 30 years important elements in any legislative deliberations regarding redistricting. There are two sections that are important. Section 2 prohibits any practice or procedure which, including redistricting practices, that impair the ability of a minority community to elect candidates of choice on an equal basis with nonminority voters.

Florida also is one of the states that is affected by Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act. Section 5 requires that states that have covered jurisdiction submit prior to DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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implementation of any proposed change to their voting practices or procedures, including redistricting or changes in the district, that they submit this for approval of either the Attorney General of the United States or the Federal District Court for the District of Columbia.

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and 2000.

This process is known as preclearance. In Florida we have five jurisdictions that are covered, Collier, Hardee, Hendry, Hillsborough and Monroe counties. These requests, most of them, are made to the Attorney General's Office. I think that will be our intent again, as in the past, to apply to the Attorney General for this clearance.

This application will not be formally made until after the plan becomes final, which means approved by the Florida Supreme Court. And at that time it will be submitted and the Attorney General has up to 60 days to object to the plan. If they do not object it would become final after 60 days, or if they approve it at an earlier date. Either through, well, the Court or the Attorney General's Office, the test and covered jurisdiction bears the burden of demonstrating that the proposed voting change does not have the purpose and will not have the effect of denying or abridging the right to vote on account of race, or color, or membership in a language minority.

In conclusion, the legal rules are somewhat complicated. We have had a number of changes in the past DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 Representatives will increase by two to a total of 25. The other key fact that we need to consider when getting ready for redistricting is that Florida's growth has not been uniform. Some areas have grown quickly while others have grown much more slowly. For instance, Flagler County on the northeast coast was the fastest growing in Florida, it grew at a rate of 73.6 percent. Four other Florida counties grew at a rate of 60 percent or greater.

At the other end of the scale, Monroe County, which was the slowest growing county in Florida, grew at rate of only 2 percent. And there were three other Florida counties that grew at a rate of 10 percent or less.

12 13 Now, looking another the Panhandle area, where we are 14 today, Bay County, the population increased by about 17 percent to 148,000, Bay County now ranks 25th among 15 16 Florida's 67 counties. Walton County, the population 17 increased quite rapidly, 46.3 percent to over 40,000 18 people. Holmes County, the population increased by 19 18 percent to almost 19,000 people. Washington County, the 20 population increased by 24 percent to almost 21,000 people. 21 Jackson County, the population increased by only 13 percent 22 now to a total of 46,755 people. Calhoun, the population 23 increased by 18 percent to 13,000 people. And Gulf County, 24 the population increased by 16 percent to 13,000 people. 25 As Senator Scott was mentioning, the predicate for DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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ten years in court decisions and there's some pretty

delicate issues, some of which have not yet been perhaps

fully decided by the courts. At this point, we stand ready 4

to assist you with this hearing or throughout the entire

5 process. My colleague, and I forgot to mention, Miguel 6

DeGrandy is the lead counsel for the House. So, thank you Mr. Chairman and members.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you, Senator Scott. Now, at this time, I would like to recognize John Guthrie, who is

the technical staff director for the Florida Senate

Redistricting Committee and he will give some details about

the state census and also those that might apply to this

particular area. Mr. Guthrie.

MR. GUTHRIE: Thank you Chairman Webster, members of the House and Senate. My task in the next few minutes is to briefly outline the numerical context within which redistricting will occur as we approach the 2002 redistricting regular session. There are two key facts that we need to be aware of in considering the effect of census numbers on redistricting in Florida. The first is that Florida is a very rapidly growing state. Florida's population increased by some 3 million people between 1990

24 As a result, as Senator Scott mentioned, Florida's 25 representation in the United States House of DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 redistricting is the U.S. Constitution. Article 1 provides that there shall be a decennial census; the purpose of the census is to provide for equal representation based on population. Based on the 2000 Census, Congressional, Senate, and House Districts in Florida will all be adjusted to equalize population.

Districts that now have substantially too many people will become smaller and districts that are underpopulated will need to gain territory in order to come up to the target population. What is the target population? Well, based on the 1990 Census, the average number of people per Congressional District was about 563,000 people. And this is going to increase by 14 percent to 640,000 people based on the count taken of the population in April of 2000.

Similarly, with Senate and House Districts, the average population per district based on the '90 Census was 323,000 for a Senate District and 108,000 for a House District. Based on the 2000 Census, these numbers are going to increase by 23 and a-half percent to 400,000 and 133,000, respectively, for Senate and House Districts.

We have a chart here that shows the relative size for district populations for Congressional, Senate, and House Districts in Florida based both on the 1990 and 2000 censuses. And you can see what the relative number of

constituents per district is.

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And another way to look at the difference in population growth across different areas of the state is to look at which areas have grown rapidly, which have grown less rapidly. This map shows the change in population density during the period of 1990 through 2000. And what we see is that the urban areas have lost population or become less dense, whereas the suburban areas have gained population.

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You also can look at the population growth in absolute terms. This is the percentage increase in population from 1990 to 2000. Red areas show areas where the population grew slower than the state average, blue areas are areas where the population grew more rapidly than the state average. What is the effect of this on representation? Well, for the two Congressional Districts that are in this area, the population is over -- there are too many people in both of those Congressional Districts. District 1 is over by approximately 45,000 people and District 2 is over by approximately 39,000 people.

With Senate Districts we see a little bit different of a pattern. The population of all three Senate Districts that are in this area are pretty near what the target population will be, the only exception being District 1, which is slightly underpopulated, about 23,000 people. And with House Districts, we see the same pattern. There are DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 are limiting your remarks to four minutes. We have a little timer and we will try to warn you when you are about 30 to 20 from there.

Of course we welcome any written submissions that you wish to present, and if you have any handouts, you can lay them right up here on the front table and we will add those to the record also. So, let's start with Number 1, wherever you are, you are recognized. Number 1.

MR. UNDERWOOD: Mr. Chairman, Committee Members, thank you for allowing me the time to speak before you. My name is Mike Underwood and I am the County Administrator of Walton County. And Walton County is very fortunate, I can say, in that we have representation from two Florida Senators and two House members and that's the way we want

to keep it. We have two driving forces of economics in Northwest Florida. One of them is agriculture and the other is tourism, as you well know. These two industries have two different needs for services and representation. The North Walton County area, they are concerned with job stability, creation of new jobs, concerned of welfare for its citizens and agricultural concerns as to the decline of farming is noted more and more each year. Now, South Walton's interest is very different and it

24 is influenced by environmental concerns and transportation DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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handouts on the back table that are very similar to these and show the under and overcount of all of the House, Senate and Congressional Districts in Florida.

The public as well as members of the Legislature can use the Senate's redistricting software, FREDS 2000 to design or model what new districts may look like. And if you were to zoom into this area and choose -- let's choose 15 counties and see what the population, the answer is that with these 15 counties, the population would be 639,014 people, which is only 281 less than what the target population is. It's quite easy to model and see what the effect of different districts will be in terms of population demographics.

For all of the information that we have covered here this morning plus a lot more, members and the public are encouraged to visit the Online Sunshine web site and then follow the links to either Senate Redistricting or House Redistricting. And that's my presentation, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you, Mr. Guthrie.

Okay. Ladies and gentlemen, as I stated before, we will be using speaker cards in order to recognize you. If you want to speak you must fill one of these out. If you want to and haven't, you go right out behind this wall here and the staff will help you sign up. We are also going to be calling you by number in ascending order. Remember, we DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 needs. Needs from beach renourishment to coastal lake management, to more and more efficient plan development without adverse effects on transportation in the environment.

Please keep our representation of our coastal and our beach areas separate from our representation in our agricultural areas, for each have separate and complete different concerns. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number two. MR. PAULS: Good morning, my name is Tim Pauls, I am a Walton County commissioner in District 5. This is a little district that is bordered by the beach and the bay and we have the highest concentration of people in Walton County in our area. My comments basically are just to reiterate what Mr. Underwood has said in terms of communities of interest.

A recent study that's been done shows that within the last ten years about 90 percent of the projects reviewed by the planning commission in Walton County have been done south of the bay. So I believe that you can see where our growth is happening and that that community of interest has different issues than the areas that are not experiencing such rapid growth and development.

The other thing that will I would like to just stress is that there are times, I believe, as you look at DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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- 1 redistricting that the district should not stop just at a
- 2 county line for no other reason. Because these
- 3 communities, as they are growing affect each other,
- 4 Okaloosa County, Walton County, and Bay County are all very
- 5 well and very much connected as it has to do with Highway
- 6 98 and development. And so it's important that a person
- 7 representing that area can look at the picture as a whole
- 8 and sometimes even act as a mediator between counties as
- 9 they disagree with each other about how to count traffic or
- 10 how to deal with the problems that we have. Thank you for
- 11 hearing me and we wish you all the best as you tackle this
- 12 challenging issue.
  - CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 3 withdrew.
- 14 Number 4. WE have dual presenters, two minutes each.
- 15 MS. GAGER: Hi, I'm Lynn Gager, I am representing Gulf
- 16 Coast Community College Citizen Leadership Institute. It
- 17 is the work of the Citizen Leadership Institute to bring
- 18 the community together. In a partnership that was created
- 19 under the umbrella and the support of our Bay County
- 20 Chamber of Commerce, they were busy about, talking about
- 21 redistricting with our business leaders and industry
- 22 leaders, but realized that was just one portion of our
- 23 community.

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- 24 So, the Chamber asked the College of Citizen
- 25 Leadership Institute to partner with them to talk about
- DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

and we said, Citizens, these are our choices, on October the 16th we will have an opportunity for your voice to be heard, what do you want your state policy makers to know, what perspectives should we say to them? So I'm here representing that voice.

You will see on your blue piece of paper now, flip to that, this is a product of the town meeting on October the 4th, and respectively, Florida Senate, Florida House, and U.S. Congress. You will notice we framed it in the problem statement, what's facing us, what are citizens in Bay County, what are they saying, what was their common ground. And you will see, for the Florida Senate, that all of Bay County should be in a one-Senator district.

It gave you a rationale for that thought, this is a rationale from the citizens as a part of that town meeting. And then we have a quote from one citizen as a part of that that said, "We need someone who wakes up every morning thinking about Bay County."

For the Florida House you will see the same structure, our problem statement. Our common ground statement is, construct a compact county in Bay County. You will see the rationale and then you will see the citizen statement as a part of the town meeting, "If it ain't broke, don't fix it."

For the U.S. Congress, the same structure in terms of DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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this issue so that when we came before you today we could stand before you and say, our community has deliberated this issue. Our community has had a town meeting and we

have talked about this and our community has come together

5 with consensus statements.

> What I'm presenting to you now, in the larger print that is more on the beige paper is the work of the Citizen Leadership Institute in framing the discussion for public dialogue. You will notice the three larger columns titled, Florida Senate, Florida House, and U.S. Congress. Within that you will notice that we framed it into choices, Choice One, Choice Two and Choice Three. And within each of those choices, respectively, for each column area and for each representation area, you will notice that there is those who may be in support of this choice and what perspective

perceptions they may have. That is the framing that was done in preparation of community dialogue. This work is presented to you by our work and our partnership with the Kettering Foundation.

they may have, those in opposition of this choice and what

21 Many of you may be familiar with the work of the Kettering 22 Foundation out of Dayton, Ohio. But anyway, we wanted to

23 come together and put this in the public's terms. 24

So on October the 4th, the Gulf Coast Community College's Citizen Leadership Institute had a town meeting, DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 1 problem statement. The common ground statement there was, 2 have all of Bay County in one district. The rationale

3 statement, and the citizen statement during the forum was,

4 "We need to be a district where we have only -- where only 5 two bases are represented."

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Twenty seconds.

MS. GAGER: And that is really my last comment. I wanted to make a comment too, we have some state policy makers in the midst who have used Gulf Coast Community College's work, Senator Clary, Senator Peaden, Senator Lawson, Representative Kilmer and Representative Bense each year come together at Gulf Coast Community College and we use this same process. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 5. And this is also a tag team.

MS. NELSON: My name is Pam Nelson and I am the state committee woman for the Bay County Democratic party.

MR. ROBERTS: And I'm Bobby Roberts, I am chairman of the Bay County Republican Executive Committee. So we are standing here today unified in our thought process of what we would like to request of you when it comes to reapportionment. I would also like to let you know that

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John Carter, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee

24 has also given Pam his blessings for being here as he is

25 not able to be here due to a prior commitment.

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I would like to echo the sentiments that you have already heard today, actually starting probably with the Congressional race first because that is probably the one that has the greatest impact in this particular area, and give you a couple of illustrations as to why. There is only two things that can really affect a campaign, that's money and votes. And unfortunately, when you look at it from a Congressional level, we are on the western edge of District 2 and the eastern edge of District 1, sometimes referred to strictly as no-man's land.

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So then our votes never has the impact that it really could have when it comes to affecting decisions from a Congressional level. So, we would like to echo the sentiments as we stand here united together, that from a Congressional standpoint we would like for Bay County to be in one district. And because of the unique location of Tyndall Air Force Base and Naval Coastal System's Laboratory, we would like for that to be included in that district, currently making that District 2 for Bay County.

it ain't broke, don't fix it. But we would like to say Bay County still be structured as a one-county area. The State Senate the same way. And a couple of other reasons why is, if you look at it from a media standpoint, this is what is called an ADI, an area of dominant influence. We believe DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

Taking the House seat as well, as they were saying, if

as to why the community leaders in the community that has a very strong proclivity to vote Republican are here today endorsing the concept of having our entire county placed in a Congressional District that is currently held by a Democrat and probably will be held by a Democrat on into the future. I think the reason that most of us have for that support is that we are critically interested in the protection of our Air Force base and the protection of the Coastal Systems Station.

These along with tourism are what really drive the economy, not just the economy but the quality of life in our community. And we feel very strongly that Congressman Boyd, we know that he has been a defender of our bases, he's well connected in Congress. We know firsthand that he's well connected in the Pentagon. We are very, very anxious for our county to remain in his Congressional District so that our bases will be adequately protected in what we believe to be an upcoming BRAC in probably '02 or '03.

The second resolution also passed unanimously by the Panama City Commission relates to having our county all in one senatorial district. I was very interested in the presentations from Walton County where they certainly do have a diversity of interests. We don't have that. And I would think that no matter where you went in Bay County you DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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that with the media being the focus from Bay County we can actually serve a greater need to not only the residents of Bay County but the surrounding areas, and that the more, or rather the less representation we have as far as individual people, the easier it is to convey that message to the other people in the Bay County area so they don't have to

figure out which street they live on to determine who their

8 representatives are.

> So, we do hope that you will take this into consideration in your deliberations and recognize once again that both parties are here today asking for this request. And I have one other thing to put in the minutes that I forgot. On August 22nd, the Republican Executive Committee also passed a resolution endorsing the same that I would like to leave and make part of the record.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 6. MR. CLEMONS: Mr. Chairman, committee members, I'm Gerry Clemons, I am currently the mayor of the City of Panama City. The resolutions that I just passed you were unanimously voted on by the Panama City Commission endorsing having all of Bay County in Congressional District 2, and the second one endorses the concept of having all of Bay County in one Senatorial District if at all possible.

Maybe some of you who are in this area may be puzzled DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 would find agreement that the military bases and tourism are the driving forces for success, present and future, of our county. Thank you very much for the opportunity to make this presentation.

One other thing. We did not take a position on the State House. Personally I very much hope that all of Panama City will remain in Representative Bense's district. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 7.

10 MR. HOWARD: Good morning. My name is Herbert Howard, 11 I serve as President of the Bay County branch of the 12 National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, 13 NAACP. First of all, let me just say to you that we have

14 left a copy of this statement with the staff person out 15

front and we ask that this be made a part of your record. First, let me thank this committee for the opportunity

to make this brief statement for the record of this hearing. The Florida State Conference will make a full statement to this body prior to the conclusion of your hearing in October.

There are a number of things that concern us about the redistricting process. The most important element at this point is the nature of the standards that the Florida Legislature would use in drawing Legislative and Congressional Districts. The standards that you establish

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7 (Pages 22 to 25)

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will impact this state and its constituencies for the next ten years. These standards will determine whether this state adheres to the concept of one person, one vote, and they will certainly determine whether all of the voters of this state have an equal opportunity to elect candidates of their choice to the State House, the State Senate, and the United States Congress.

It is equally important to the NAACP that you develop a process that respects the principles of no regression. The past two redistricting sessions created a number of opportunities that allowed various communities to be able to elect candidates of their choice for the first time in the modern history of this state. We believe that those opportunities must be protected and enhanced.

The NAACP believes that the redistricting process must preserve the concept of minority representation. The redistricting process that you will undertake will drastically reshape the political map of this state. The growth in population and the accompanying need to increase the population of Legislator's districts is significant. A brief review of the current map showed that most of the district currently considered to be majority minority districts are currently underpopulated.

It is important that care be taken to ensure that the character of these districts and to ensure that the DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

MR. ARTMAN: Good morning, my name is Dave Artman, I am a senior vice-president of Applied Research Associates of Bay County, Florida. We have 170 people in Bay County, and since I are one I can say, they are all scientists and engineers, and some people call them nerds, but they are scientists and engineers. But as a company of over 100 people in Bay County we have the highest per capita income of anybody in Bay County.

What's important to us today is that you remember that we believe that this district deserves one Federal Representative. We believe that Congressman Boyd has done more than just a good job, he's done a terrific job representing what's important to us in Bay County. Now is not the time to send a freshman to Congress representing our needs there, as far as Department of Defense, as it represents a third of the income of the economic base of this county.

We believe that now is not the time to be establishing a network relationship, understanding what Congress congressional committees you need to be on, understanding the issues that are important to Bay County and all of us here. Now is the time to keep Bay County in Congressional District 2 and keep Congressman Boyd there as our representative.

As we said earlier, it's not broken, so now is not the DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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communities and common interests be kept together. The people who will be served by these districts must be influenced by the determination of common interests.

It's also important that you provide these public opportunities for input into the way that the process will be carried out, that you provide an equal opportunity for input in the actual process of drawing districts. There are any number of groups that will seek to influence this activity. It is very important that you provide every opportunity through as many avenues as possible to allow all interested parties to actually participate in crafting the districts which will serve them through the next ten years.

The NAACP looks forward to working with the members of this committee and your staff during the next few months on behalf of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. It is important that when this process is completed that the constituencies are convinced that there is power in their vote. This means that they must be clearly able to influence the election of those people who will make public policy in their communities. This means that the standards that you apply to this process as well as the process itself must be true to our democratic principles. Thank you for this opportunity.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 8. DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

time to fix it. I appreciate your time. And you have a good day.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 9.

MS. ANDERS: Yes, I am Jim Anders, and I am chairman of the Republican Executive Committee in Walton County. And our first two speakers, Mike Underwood, our county administrator and then county commissioner Tim Pauls said it all, we have different problems in the north end of the county than we do in the south. In the south end we have problems more like in Destin and Panama City. And in the north end we are more rural. So, we like the representation that we are having now, and I would just like to back up the first two speakers. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 10.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 10.

MR. YORK: Mr. Chairman, and committee members, thank you for the opportunity to speak. I'm Guy York, I am a defense contractor in Bay County and also in Northwest Florida. I will speak today primarily to the Congressional redistricting. My greatest concern is maintaining the viability of our two military bases, as you have heard earlier, in Bay County, to keep these bases from being closed. One thing that may not have been mentioned, that one-third of the economy of Bay County comes from the military. And not only that, they present a lot more to this county in the way of leadership and other avenues and DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

Page 30 Page 32 1 benefits that we benefit from having the military bases 1 County's military bases will not be impacted by a 2

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And as many of you may know that the Department of Defense is pushing very hard right now to cut military infrastructure, which is the bases. They have asked for a 25 percent cut. Congress is likely to pass a base closure legislation this year. In fact, the United States Senate has already approved base closure measures for the year

Now, for Bay County to compete in a base closure environment we need to do two things. One, both of Bay County bases need to be in a district by themselves. We must be in a district that does not include Pensacola Naval Air Station, Eglin, Hurlburt or the bases in Okaloosa and Escambia County. Number two, we need to have a district with an encumbered Congressman like we currently have in District 2. My recommendation, very strong recommendation, is that all of Bay County be in District 2. Thank you again for this opportunity. CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 11. Number 11. Number 12.

21 22 MR. DANTZLER: Mr. Chairman and Committee, I'm Larry 23 Dantzler, I'm appearing before you today as the president 24 of the Bay Defense Alliance. For those who don't know what 25 the Bay Defense Alliance is, it is an organization which

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commitment to military bases located elsewhere in the same

3 Congressional District. And those -- and whose seniority

4 and committee assignments will further serve to help

strengthen Tyndall Air Force Base and Coastal Systems

6 Station. Therefore, the Bay Defense Alliance encourages

7 the Florida Legislature to adopt a reapportionment plan

8 which will place all of Bay County in Congressional

District 2. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 13. MR. WOLFF: Good morning. My name is Ron Wolff, I am a former health care executive of Bay Medical Center and an active member of the Chamber of Commerce, sit on the Government Relations Committee and also our Military Affairs Committee. I'll try to be brief, I won't be repetitive of what you have heard so far today, but I believe that you are going to find that stopping in Bay County is going to be one of your most pleasurable stops in your arduous tour in your job as you have ahead of you, because you are about to see something in this county that's different than other counties. We are pretty much unified, and the plans that you have laid before you represent a consensus that was not easy to reach, but

Page 31

came together very rapidly after the 1993 base closure when we found out that Tyndall came very close to appearing on that closure list. We since then, except for a couple-year hiatus, have worked closely with the state, with our Congressman and with the Department of Defense to present both of our military installations in a favorable light to them to work with them. We have worked very hard with the Florida Defense Alliance. We were just over at a meeting in Pensacola Friday discussing things that we need to do to help our military installations.

But I have a written statement here which I would like to present to you. The Bay Defense Alliance concurs with the Chamber of Commerce's statement, which I believe was given to you because it ran out of time, and that is, Bay County constitutes a district community of interest with its own tourism corridor and two military bases with unique and complementary missions. And I would like to add that the financial impact of tourism and military is vital to Bay County's continued economic well-being. Tourism is one and a-half billion dollars per year, and the combined military roughly one billion dollars per year is very important to the economic well-being of all Bay County.

The members of Bay Defense Alliance strongly believe that the citizens of Bay County need the continued influence of a member of Congress whose commitment to Bay DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 you and are unified in what we all want for this county.

nonetheless, it is a consensus. And I think you will find

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it very rare when the two political parties stand before

And the plan that we are laying before you, I hope you give it very serious consideration because it does represent the views of all of the people of Bay County. We do need a single senatorial district. I think that's something that we have been lacking. I have had to deal with the Legislature many times in the past and found out that one of the weaknesses that we have had as far as getting relief in the Legislature for some of the problems that we have in Bay County.

I agree with everyone else, we are very proud to be a part of Allen Bense's district. We need to keep that district. It has worked well for us and has really has helped this county strive and prosper. As part of the Congressional District we are all unified on that, this is not a political decision. But I will tell you, the bases are extremely important to our local economy and we do need solid representation and Congressman Boyd has provided

We all know that politicians change as time goes by with the re-elections and term limits, et cetera, but the plan that you lay before you will be in place for ten years. And Bay County is going to be growing more and more in ten years. We are number 25 now, we will probably creep up that scale in the future. So, we all appeal to you to DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

9 (Pages 30 to 33)

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really consider the remarks that you hear today because I think you are going to find one voice with all of the

people that present before you today and I add my voice to that. Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 14.

MS. PIPKIN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the House and Senate. My name is Gloria Pipkin and I represent the Florida Coalition for Assessment Reform. I am here to urge you to support and adopt the issues outlined in a statement on fairness that was presented to you in Tallahassee at the first public hearing. Rather repeating what has already been said, I would like to focus the importance on holding at least a few regional hearings to report back to us after you have adopted criteria for drawing districts and after you have actually developed

We realize that the Legislature will be meeting in Tallahassee in January and the public will have an opportunity, as it always does, to participate in committee hearings. However, as you know, it's difficult and expensive for most people to travel to Tallahassee in order to participate. We also understand that each of our individual legislators will be responsible for sharing information with their constituents; however, we do believe that it would be helpful for the committees to hold at

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1 missions. Therefore, I am in favor of reapportioning Bay

County to serve that purpose, which I believe means putting

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3 all of Bay County in one U.S. Congressional District, not

4 included with District 1 where representation would be

5 divided with five other military installations. It also

6 means putting all of Bay County in one State Senate 7 District and to keep the House representation similar to

8 the way it is today. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 16.

10 MR. McDONALD: Mr. Chairman, thank you so much, my 11 name is Tommy McDonald, I am the mayor of the City of

12 Chipley and the Executive Director of the Chamber of

13 Commerce and the Economic Developer for Washington County.

14 We are on the line; however, I would like to echo what was

15 said here tonight, we do not need to change anything in

Washington County. We are exactly where we need to be with

17 our Congressional District with Congressman Boyd who has

18 been a friend of Washington County's for a long time. And 19

the Senator and the Representative we have is probably the 20 best representation that we have ever had in Washington

21 County as long as I can remember.

22 And the other beauty of being on the line is that we

have representation, or we feel like we are represented by

24 Senator Peaden and Representative Brown, Representative

25 Kilmer, Allen Bense, Jerry Melvin, Charlie Clary all

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least a few meetings outside of Tallahassee once there actually something specific to respond to.

We understand that this will be difficult given the pressures of the session; however, this is such a critical process that it is important for as many people as possible to have an opportunity to respond to what you do with the information that you are currently in the process of gathering. It is equally important for us to understand what has gone into the thinking behind the drawing of particular districts. As has already been pointed out, it is people that live in communities who will be the best informed on what their community's interest is and how it will be affected by lines that have been drawn.

We would appreciate being able to continue to share our views with all of you. Thank you for your time and for the opportunity to speak to you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 15. MS. WYATT: Hi, my name is Sheryl Wyatt, I am the

daughter of a United States Air Force veteran and I currently work out at Tyndall Air Force Base. In light of

21 the current attack on United States' soil I have been made 22 more aware of the need of a very strong military. Tyndall

23 Air Force Base and the Navy's Coastal Systems' Station have

strong missions and they need strong representation by all

of our elected officials to successfully complete those

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1 represent Washington County, and also, Senator Alex Diaz

Portilla [sic], is that his name, from Miami, he represents

3 Washington County pretty well too. So, we are real proud

of what we have got and where we are. And we don't want to

5 change anything. I have never seen the spirit of

6 cooperation among our elected officials in Northwest

7 Florida, ever, and we would like to stay exactly where we

8 are. And we would appreciate Washington County -- and I

know it's going to have to move and Washington County is on

10 the line so it's going to be ify in some cases, but please,

if you could, just leave it the way it is I would greatly

12 appreciate it. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 17.

14 MR. AHIGREN: It is almost noon. Good afternoon

15 distinguished panel, I'm Richard Ahigren, I am the

16 executive director of the resident's political action

17 committee known as RESPAC out in the beaches area. I have

one question and I hope maybe you can answer it now.

19 During redistricting is it possible for a new political

20 subdivision to be created? Can anybody answer that? Is it

21 possible for a political subdivision?

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: No.

23 MR. AHIGREN: Okay, that answers my question then.

24 Thank you very much.

25 CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Number 18.

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REVEREND LOUIS LAMAR: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, members of the House and Senate, I am Reverend Louis Lamar and I pastor a church here in Panama City. I stand before you as a concerned citizen and also as a member of the clergy. One of the real concerns that I have is in this redistricting process is the consideration given to minority representation. We know that Florida is growing very fast and I think the population mix reflects a very diverse population. And I don't want you to be insensitive to that.

I also am involved in our state convention, I am in contact with many pastors throughout the state of Florida. We pastor many of the people that vote for you. And that's not a threat, it is just a fact. And we would like to have equity in this entire process.

One of the members that represents Bay County lives in Bay County, that is representative Allen Bense. It's been nice to go by and talk with him when the need has arisen. Our church was impacted by imminent domain proceedings and he was very instrumental in helping us and it was nice to be able to do that. It would be nice to have others to live within our borders also.

And since Representative Bense, and it may have been coincidental, but I think it's because of his hard work,
Bay County has seen some dollars coming to it that it has
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speaker's bureau and we went out in the community and spoke to such groups at a quarterly elected officials luncheon.

Bay County League of Cities and the Bay County League of Women Voters, so I think that you can see by the attendance today that we have created interest in this process here in Bay County.

The Chamber passed a resolution, and I'm going to read that resolution in a second, but first I want to say something to preface it. When we as a Chamber determined that our goal was to seek one Senator for Bay County, that was not an easy decision for us to make. We have been more than ably served in the last ten years by the five gentlemen who have served us, Pat Thomas, W.D. Childers, Senator Clary, Senator Lawson, and Senator Peaden. And they have all served us well and we want to make sure that you understand that the county, the Chamber of Commerce's decision to ask for one Senator was hard to make because of the great service that we have had from these Senators.

The resolution reads as follows: "Whereas the mission of the Bay County Chamber of Commerce is to develop, enhance and maintain a viable business climate and to provide leadership in the development of economic growth and the quality of life in Bay County. And whereas the current population of Bay County is 155,000, and therefore slightly larger than a State House seat but less than half DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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not seen in the past. We are seeing our schools improved, we are seeing our roads improved. And we, like anyone else, we pay our taxes but we don't feel that we have been getting our fair share of the dollar allocation. So, I just ask you to consider these concerns because whatever decision is made will have to be lived with for the next ten years. Thank you so much.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. Number 19. You came back.

MS. ATKINSON: If at first you don't succeed, try, try again. My name is Carol Atkinson and I am here this morning representing the Bay County Chamber of Commerce. Hugh Rose who is chairman of the board is ill and was unable to attend and asked me to speak on his behalf.

"The Chamber of Commerce feels a state and local government committee and national government committee, and in this last two years, a reapportionment committee, those committees work together to host a public seminar at the chamber earlier this year which was opened to and attended by chamber members and nonmembers alike.

That public seminar led to the partnership with the Citizens Leadership Institute at Gulf Coast Community College, of which you have already heard, and where we sponsored the town hall meeting. In addition to that, the steering committee for the town hall meeting put together a DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

of a State Senate District. And whereas the county constitutes a distinct community of interest with its own tourism corridor and with two military bases with unique and complementary missions.

And whereas the community of interest is exemplified by an efficient and effective local health care and social service area as well as common media. And whereas the division of Bay County into multiple Senate Districts has led to representation by Senators who in some cases live over two hours away and represent areas with divergent interest. And whereas the Citizens Leadership Institute of Gulf Coast Community College moderated a town hall meeting on October 4th, 2001, where the public found common ground concerning the election districts of the Florida State Senate, the Florida House of Representatives, and the U.S. Congress for the Bay County area.

And whereas it was the consensus of the participants in the town hall meeting that the Greater Bay County area would be better served if Bay County fully contains one Senate House District and falls entirely with one State Senate District and falls in Congressional District 2 containing both Tyndall Air Force Base and Coastal Systems' Station."

24 CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Twenty seconds.
 25 MS. ATKINSON: "Therefore, be it resolved that the Bay DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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County Chamber of Commerce urges the Florida Legislature to adopt a reapportionment plan which affects those resolutions." Thank you very much.

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CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you. That is the last appearance card that I have. Therefore, as has been our custom, we allow members of the delegation to address the citizens and then any other member of the panel can after

So, if there are those within the delegation of this general area that would like to speak, I would be glad to recognize you now. Representative Bense.

of all, I want to welcome my fellow colleagues in the House and folks from the Senate for coming to Panama City. I know it is a long trip for some of you. I see Representative Needelman here from Brevard County and Representative Kravitz from Duval County, and they are from all over the state. Representative Lacasa from Pasco and Pinellas and a couple others. Mario Diaz-Balart from Dade County. And we do appreciate your coming here. Welcome. The weather is like this every single day in my district,

REPRESENTATIVE BENSE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. First

19 20 21 22 so you are welcome to come back. Isn't that right, isn't 23 that right? You are the Chamber of Commerce now. 24 But I also want to remind folks in the audience that 25 there is an election today. Congressional District No. 1

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need your help in that we need to establish a branch campus of FSU over in Bay County." And being in the House and with him in the Senate and Senator Thomas over there, we worked very hard to make this facility a reality. So it's always good to come back and visit the facility.

When I was campaigning over here last year, as one of the, I guess the concerns and issues that was expressed is that they felt like they had too many Senators representing them and they wanted to be in one Senate District. Long before I came to represent this particular area when Representative Bense came to the House and I was not representing this area but I always worked to make sure that some of the things that was important to people in this area, that I had a great deal of input.

During my tenure in the Senate, it's been very brief even though I have served 19 years in the House and 18 years in the House and one year in the Senate so far, I thought that the county was very fortunate to have Senator Clary serving in the Senate and Senator Peaden simply because he chairs the general government committee which is a very powerful committee in the Senate and I have the opportunity to serve on that committee with him. And we get a chance as Senators, we don't say, what are you going to do for Leon, what are you going to do for Jackson County, what are you going to do for Walton County, but DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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has a -- there is a general election, so be sure to vote.

I would like to see more stickers on shirts, so don't

3 forget to turn out and vote today. 4 5

And I want to thank my constituents that are here today. If there was a more orderly or congenial meeting around the state I would be surprised because we get along in Bay County, and I'm really proud of Bay County, I am really proud to serve you folks and I'm proud of the way that you presented yourselves today. I concur that having three Senators in one district in Bay County is probably too many, and I think they got the message fairly loud and clear today about the Congressional issue as well.

So, again, I appreciate your demeanor, your tone, your attitude, and I'm very, very proud of all of you. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Senator Lawson.

SENATOR LAWSON: Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman, and greetings to all of you here today. I was thinking when I was hearing the community speak about what they

20 wanted in a Senate seat as well as in a House and a

21 Congressional seat, I was reminded when I was driving up to

22 this campus that I had a great deal to do with this

23 facility being here established where we are today. I

wasn't even representing this area. I can remember when

Senator Barron came over to me and told me, said, "Al, I 25

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Page 45 1 what we do is meet with each other and determine, what are

> the needs for the county to see what the House members are working on so that we can do everything that we possibly 4 can in the Senate to make sure that those are reality.

So, when you see airport projects and you see road projects and all of the funding that you get, it just doesn't happen in one area, it happens because you have people that have been very committed to making sure that whatever takes place in North Florida, that we are at the forefront of those, and I would tell the chamber and the political parties and everyone to keep that in mind. We are going to work hard to give you exactly what you really want, but you need to know that you have a lot of friends, that might not be in the county all of time, might be two hour hours away, that works very hard for your issues where your county is concerned.

I mean, it's been a rewarding experience to have the opportunity to represent you. I have always felt that I represented this area even when I wasn't here. So I want to thank you all for coming out today and we are going -- I look forward to having more communication with you so that we can make sure that we do what you would like to have done in Bay County. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Representative Kilmer.

REPRESENTATIVE KILMER: Thank you. I would like to DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675 Page 46 Page 48

agriculture areas or the retirees on the beach. And I

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reiterate what Representative Bense has said. I am on the redistricting committee and the procedural and redistricting council and I have been traveling the entire state this summer and I have never, ever attended a meeting that was as well thought out, as well prepared and as well

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And to have the Democratic party and the Republican party to stand up hand-in-hand and say, "This is what we need for this area," is so impressive to me and I want to thank you, this entire community, for coming together. You thought it out, you prepared, you held meetings, you came as a unified group. I fell like our delegation is very, very strong because we truly respect each other, we work hand-in-hand for you, but the fact that we came here and listened to you today saying, "This is what we altogether want to see happen" warms my heart very, very much. And I want to thank you.

I am not going to elaborate on all of the things that all of your delegation has done, that's not my job here today, we came to listen to you talk and I want you to know we heard what you said and we appreciate very much what you said and the fact that you came together to say it. Thank

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Senator Peaden. SENATOR PEADEN: This is about the 23rd we have had DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

2 think that is the overpowering issue that we have to 3 address today. We can talk about communities of interest, 4 but I think that they really come second to the one man, 5 one vote issue. And I know it's difficult to look at your 6 county and our counties and the different counties we 7 represent. Nobody in the Senate really seems to have a 8 home county, as Representative Lawson said. You know, our 9 community of interest is your community of interest when 10 you get to the Legislature. And as he said, as we sit on 11 those appropriations committees, and these senior members 12 will tell you, you know, we are looking at the problems of 13 Florida as a whole. And our districts are really 14 secondary, if there is anything left over, but globally we 15 try to do what's right for everybody. 16

I understand this is a real complicated issue and I believe you are understanding it too. It is not merely taking a cookie cutter and going down 400,000 or 133,000 people and go from the west to the east, but it involves people with real faces. And we hope that we can respond to all of the information that you have given us here today about your requests, but you know, we really represent some of those folks that weren't able to be here today, some of those folks that might be working or might be living in areas too distant from here.

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around the state and we have attended most of them, most everybody has. This is probably the most enlightening and the most analytical approach to redistricting that we have heard throughout the State of Florida. I mean, it is a community effort.

I wanted to commend, to begin with, Senator Webster and Representative Byrd. This is the most open redistricting has ever been in the state of Florida. This is something in the past that has been done behind closed doors and our districts are the product of those meetings. Today we have an opportunity to interact with the Legislature, and you do too, at home on your computer or in your library's computer through the FREDS unit. All of the information is there that you have seen today as well as proposals that you might make and E-mail to the committee as it begins to work through the process.

You have heard the legal theories that have been given by Senator Scott. And we have heard them again and again around the state, with a little different descriptions in different areas, but basically it boils down to the most important thing is, one man, one vote. And you want to make sure that that voter in Paxton has the same vote and power to vote as the guy in Panama City, and the guy in Navarre and Niceville have the same count.

We don't dilute the folks in the rural areas and the DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

So, with that consideration and with what Senator Webster has done as far as making that information available and your input continually available throughout the process, and as Senator Scott says, some of those

issues are still unfolding in court as we speak, we'll try to assimilate a redistricting map that will fit everybody's wants, and desires, and furnish adequate representation.

And they can tell you, you know, I think that we have real good representation all over this state. There's one issue that kind of confounds me, though. I think when the mayor of Chipley spoke, I think that we have one constitutional problem that we haven't seen all over the state that we are going to have to look at. Senator Webster, thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Senator Clary.

SENATOR CLARY: Thank you. I would also like to welcome everyone here and I appreciate your attendance and your interaction, your presentations to the committee. I'm not part of the committee, but I felt it important to be here to hear what was said and listen to the discussion of the committee members in their comments back to you. I think it's been the policy of the committee that this is a legislative hearing and not a, as one person termed it, not a legislative talking. So, they were here to gather information to hear what you had to say and try to respond DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS (850) 488-9675

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1	to that as closely as they can, and I think they will do	
2	that. Senator Webster provides great leadership and this	
3	is a very good committee to be working on this	
4	reapportionment process.	
5	So, as one of your delegation members and your	
6	Senator, it really pleases me to see how you are so much a	
7 8	part of this community and want to have your voices heard and in the manner that you presented today. So, thank you.	
9	CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Anyone else?	
10	(No audible response.)	
11	CHAIRMAN WEBSTER: Thank you for coming. The meeting	
12	is adjourned.	
13	(Meeting concluded.)	
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